

App com.protectstar.antis py.android MASA L1 2025-03-06

Summary of the application	3
•	
Nomenclature	5
Self-Declare	5
NMI	5
Scan Verified	5
Recommendations	6

Summary of the application

Target of Evaluation	App Version: 6.6.5
Model and/or type reference	com.protectstar.antispy.android
Other identification of the product	com.protectstar.antispy.android
Features	Tools & Utilities
Manufacturer	Protectstar Inc.
Test Method Requested	Security evaluation based on limited set of evaluation procedures from OWASP Mobile Application Security Verification Standard established by ADA.
Validation Type	Level 1 - Verified Self
Validated By	Jose María Santos López – Cybersecurity Engineer
Platform	Android
Date of Issue	2025-03-06

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Nomenclature

Below you can find the verification type considered for MASA L1 as well as the description of each of them.

Verification Type

- Self Declare: developer provides Yes/No response to verify they meet the requirement
- Documentation: developer provides artifacts / evidence to verify they meet the requirement
- NMI: lab provides output from static analysis for developers to respond to
- **Scan Verified:** lab performs static analysis against fully automatable requirements to assign a Pass / Fail for each requirement
 - For scan failures the developer is expected to resolve the issue or provide a
 written justification explaining how they meet the requirement including
 supporting evidence such as scan output, screenshots or supporting
 documentation.

Summary Table

Requirement	Description	Validation Type	Status	Dev Action
MSTG-STORAGE-1	System credential storage facilities need to be used to store sensitive data, such as PII, user credentials or cryptographic keys	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-STORAGE-2	No sensitive data should be stored outside of the app container or system credential storage facilities.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-STORAGE-3	No sensitive data is written to application logs.	NMI	Pass	N
MSTG-STORAGE-5	The keyboard cache is disabled on text inputs that process sensitive	Scan Verified	Pass	N

	data.			
MSTG-STORAGE-7	No sensitive data, such as passwords or pins, is exposed through the user interface.	NMI	Pass	N
MSTG-STORAGE- 12	The app educates the user about the types of personally identifiable information processed, as well as security best practices the user should follow in using the app.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-CRYPTO-1	The app does not rely on symmetric cryptography with hardcoded keys as a sole method of encryption.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-CRYPTO-2	The app uses proven implementations of cryptographic primitives.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-CRYPTO-3	The app uses cryptographic primitives that are appropriate for the particular usecase, configured with parameters that adhere to industry best practices.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-CRYPTO-4	The app does not use cryptographic protocols or algorithms that are widely considered deprecated for security purposes.	Scan Verified	Pass	N

MSTG-CRYPTO-5	The app does not re-use the same cryptographic key for multiple purposes.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-CRYPTO-6	All random values are generated using a sufficiently secure random number generator.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-AUTH-1	If the app provides users access to a remote service, some form of authentication, such as username/passwor d authentication, is performed at the remote endpoint.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-AUTH-2	If stateful session management is used, the remote endpoint uses randomly generated session identifiers to authenticate client requests without sending the user's credentials.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-AUTH-3	If stateless token- based authentication is used, the server provides a token that has been signed using a secure algorithm.	Self Declare	Pass	N
MSTG-AUTH-4	The remote endpoint terminates the existing session when the user logs	Self Declare	Pass	N

	out.			
MSTG-AUTH-5	A password policy	Self Declare	Pass	N
	exists and is			
	enforced at the			
	remote endpoint.			
MSTG-AUTH-6	The remote	Self Declare	Pass	N
	endpoint			
	implements a			
	mechanism to			
	protect against the			
	submission of			
	credentials an			
	excessive number			
	of times.			
MSTG-AUTH-7	Sessions are	Self Declare	Pass	N
	invalidated at the			
	remote endpoint			
	after a predefined			
	period of inactivity			
	and access tokens			
	expire.			
MSTG-NETWORK-1	Data is encrypted	Scan Verified	Pass	N
	on the network			
	using TLS. The			
	secure channel is			
	used consistently			
	throughout the app.			
MSTG-NETWORK-2	The TLS settings	Scan Verified	Pass	N
	are in line with			
	current best			
	practices, or as			
	close as possible if			
	the mobile			
	operating system			
	does not support			
	the recommended			
	standards.			
MSTG-NETWORK-3	The app verifies	Scan Verified	Pass	N
	the X.509			
	certificate of the			
	remote endpoint			
	when the secure			
	channel is			
	established.			

MSTG-PLATFORM- 1 MSTG-PLATFORM-	The app only requests the minimum set of permissions necessary.	Scan Verified Scan Verified	Pass Pass	N
2	All inputs from external sources and the user are validated and if necessary sanitized. This includes data received via the UI, IPC mechanisms such as intents, custom URLs, and network sources.			
MSTG-PLATFORM-3	The app does not export sensitive functionality via custom URL schemes, unless these mechanisms are properly protected.	Scan Verified	Pass	Z
MSTG-PLATFORM- 4	The app does not export sensitive functionality through IPC facilities, unless these mechanisms are properly protected.	Self Declare	Pass	Z
MSTG-CODE-1	The app is signed and provisioned with a valid certificate, of which the private key is properly protected.	Scan Verified	Pass	Z
MSTG-CODE-2	The app has been built in release mode, with settings appropriate for a release build (e.g.	Scan Verified	Pass	N

	non-debuggable).			
MSTG-CODE-3	Debugging symbols have been removed from native binaries.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-CODE-4	Debugging code and developer assistance code (e.g. test code, backdoors, hidden settings) have been removed. The app does not log verbose errors or debugging messages.	Scan Verified	Pass	N
MSTG-CODE-5	All third party components used by the mobile app, such as libraries and frameworks, are identified, and checked for known vulnerabilities.	Self Declare	Pass	Z
MSTG-CODE-9	Free security features offered by the toolchain, such as byte-code minification, stack protection, PIE support and automatic reference counting, are activated.	Scan Verified	Pass	N

Self-Declare

MSTG-STORAGE-1

System credential storage facilities need to be used to store sensitive data, such as PII, user credentials or cryptographic keys

Does your app (or library/SDK) use cryptographic keys to encrypt all data that may be considered sensitive, such as PII?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Does your app (or library/SDK) use Android Keystore API to store user credentials?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Does your app (or library/SDK) use Android Keystore API to store cryptographic keys?

- A. Yes
- B. No

MSTG-STORAGE-2

No sensitive data should be stored outside of the app container or system credential storage facilities.

Does your application or library/SDK exclusively store sensitive data within the app container or use system credential storage facilities?

- A. Yes
- B. No

By default, Android SharedPreferences are stored within your app's private internal storage, specifically in the app container (typically at /data/data/<your.package.name>/shared_prefs). This means they aren't stored in a publicly accessible location outside your app's sandbox, ensuring that other apps cannot access them unless the device is rooted or the app explicitly allows external access.

MSTG-STORAGE-12

The app educates the user about the types of personally identifiable information processed, as well as security best practices the user should follow in using the app.

Do you educate users about the types of personally identifiable information (PII) it processes, as well as security best practices they should follow when using the app?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Does your app (or library/SDK) provide a clear and easily accessible link to your privacy policy within the app?

- A. Yes
- B No

MSTG-CRYPTO-5

The app does not re-use the same cryptographic key for multiple purposes.

Do you have mechanisms in place to audit and verify that each cryptographic key is used exclusively for its designated purpose within the app (or library/SDK)?

- A. Yes
- B. No

for detected files that get moved into the quarantine, will be encrypted with the same cryptographic key, because for this situation....

Do you verify that each cryptographic key in your app (or library/SDK) is assigned a single, specific purpose to avoid key reuse?

- A. Yes
- B. No

MSTG-AUTH-1

If the app provides users access to a remote service, some form of authentication, such as username/password authentication, is performed at the remote endpoint.

Does your app (or library/SDK) implement authentication at the remote endpoint?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

MSTG-AUTH-2

If stateful session management is used, the remote endpoint uses randomly generated session identifiers to authenticate client requests without sending the user's credentials.

Does your app's (or library/SDK) remote endpoint use unique and unpredictable session identifiers to authenticate client requests without transmitting the user's credentials?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

MSTG-AUTH-3

If stateless token-based authentication is used, the server provides a token that has been signed using a secure algorithm.

If stateless token-based authentication is utilized by your application, does your app server (or library/SDK) provide a token protected using a secure algorithm such as HMAC-SHA256?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication or app does not use stateless token-based authentication)

MSTG-AUTH-4

The remote endpoint terminates the existing session when the user logs out.

Does your app (or library/SDK) terminate the existing session at the remote endpoint when the user logs out?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

MSTG-AUTH-5

A password policy exists and is enforced at the remote endpoint.

Does your app (or library/SDK) prevent users from setting passwords they have already used before at the remote endpoint?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

Does your app (or library/SDK) enforce a password policy (e.g., minimum length, complexity) on the server/backend side?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication or password is never sent to server (e.g. federated auth or zero-knowledge password proof))

MSTG-AUTH-6

The remote endpoint implements a mechanism to protect against the submission of credentials an excessive number of times.

Does your app (or library/SDK) implement a mechanism at the remote endpoint to protect against the submission of credentials an excessive number of times?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication or password is never sent to server (e.g. federated auth or zero-knowledge password proof))

MSTG-AUTH-7

Sessions are invalidated at the remote endpoint after a predefined period of inactivity and access tokens expire.

Does your app (or library/SDK) implement a mechanism at the remote endpoint (server-side) to automatically invalidate user sessions after a predefined period of inactivity?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

Do access tokens used for authentication and authorization within your app (or library/SDK) have a set expiration time, after which the server will reject them as invalid?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have authentication)

MSTG-PLATFORM-4

The app does not export sensitive functionality through IPC facilities, unless these mechanisms are properly protected.

Does your app (or library/SDK) expose sensitive functionality through inter-process communication (IPC) mechanisms?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Does your app (or library/SDK) have security measures like access controls, data validation, and encryption in place to protect sensitive functionality exposed through IPC mechanisms in your app or library/SDK?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. N/A (app does not have IPC mechanisms)

MSTG-CODE-5

All third party components used by the mobile app, such as libraries and frameworks, are identified, and checked for known vulnerabilities.

Does your app (or library/SDK) use third party libraries?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- 1. Provide a list of 3P libraries to labs

net.dongliu:apk-parser:2.6.10 com.squareup.okhttp3:okhttp:4.11.0 com.squareup.retrofit2:retrofit:2.9.0 com.squareup.retrofit2:converter-gson:2.9.0 com.zsoltsafrany:needle:1.0.0 com.airbnb.android:lottie:5.2.0 org.greenrobot:eventbus:3.3.1 com.sothree.slidinguppanel:library:3.4.0 com.ogaclejapan.smarttablayout:library:2.0.0@aar com.futuremind.recyclerfastscroll:fastscroll:0.2.5 com.github.bumptech.glide:glide:4.14.2 commons-codec:commons-codec:1.15 commons-lang:commons-lang:2.6 com.android.volley:volley:1.2.1 com.android.billingclient:billing:7.0.0 com.google.code.gson:gson:2.10.1 com.google.android.play:review:2.0.2 com.google.android.flexbox:flexbox:3.0.0 com.google.android.material:material:1.12.0 com.google.firebase:firebase-messaging:24.1.0 androidx.browser:browser:1.8.0 androidx.cardview:cardview:1.0.0 androidx.work:work-runtime:2.9.1 androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.7.0 androidx.preference:preference:1.2.1 androidx.recyclerview:recyclerview:1.3.2 androidx.concurrent:concurrent-futures:1.2.0 androidx.swiperefreshlayout:swiperefreshlayout:1.1.0 androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-extensions:2.2.0 androidx.annotation:annotation:1.8.2

NMI

MSTG-STORAGE-3

No sensitive data is written to application logs.

```
172
                   try {
173
174
                        return Integer.valueOf(Integer.parseInt(o6));
                     catch (NumberFormatException unused) {
  Log.w("NotificationParams", "Couldn't parse value of " + s(str) + "
175
176
                        return null;
177
178
179
               return null;
180
181
182
          public JSONArray m(String str) {
183
               String o6 = o(str);
184
               if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(o6)) {
185
                   try {
186
                        return new JSONArray(o6);
                   } catch (JSONException unused) {
187
                        Log.w("NotificationParams", "Malformed JSON for key " + s(str) + ":
188
189
                        return null;
190
191
192
               return null;
193
194
195
          public String n(Resources resources, String str, String str2) {
196
               String[] strArr;
197
               String o6 = o(str2);
               if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(o6)) {
198
199
                   return o6;
200
               String o7 = o(str2.concat("_loc_key"));
if (TextUtils.isEmpty(o7)) {
201
202
203
                   return null;
204
```

```
return null;
105
106
                 case 12:
107
                 case 13:
108
                 case 14:
109
                 case 15:
110
                 case 19:
111
                 default:
112
                     Log.e("GoogleApiAvailability", "Unexpected error code " + i6);
113
                     return null;
114
                 case 16:
115
                     Log.e("GoogleApiAvailability", "One of the API components you attem
116
                      return null;
                 case 17:
117
                     Log.e("GoogleApiAvailability", "The specified account could not be
118
119
                     return e(context, "common_google_play_services_sign_in_failed_title
120
                 case 20:
121
                     Log.e("GoogleApiAvailability", "The current user profile is restric
122
                     return e(context, "common_google_play_services_restricted_profile_t.
123
124
         }
125
126
         public static String d(Context context, String str, String str2) {
127
             Resources resources = context.getResources();
128
             String e6 = e(context, str);
129
             if (e6 == null) {
130
                 e6 = resources.getString(R.string.common google play services unknown i
131
             return String.format(resources.getConfiguration().locale, e6, str2);
132
133
134
135
         public static String e(Context context, String str) {
136
             L.f a6;
137
             Resources resources;
```

```
Y0.b bVar = new Y0.b();
179
               this.f3432g = bVar;
synchronized (this) {
180
181
                    synchronized (bVar)
182
183
                        bVar.f3345c = this;
184
185
               this.f3427b = new D(16);
186
               this.f3426a = new p5.g(7);
187
188
               this.f3429d = new b(executorServiceC0365a, executorServiceC0365a2, executorServiceC0365a2)
189
               this.f3431f = new a(cVar2);
190
               this.f3430e = new v();
191
               dVar.f3673d = this;
192
193
          public static void d(String str, long j6, m mVar) {
   Log.v("Engine", str + " in " + r1.g.a(j6) + "ms, key: " + mVar);
194
195
196
197
          public static void g(s sVar) {
198
               if (sVar instanceof n) {
    ((n) sVar).e();
199
200
201
                    return;
202
203
               throw new IllegalArgumentException("Cannot release anything but an EngineRe
204
205
206
          public final d a(com.bumptech.glide.g gVar, Object obj, W0.f fVar, int i6, int
207
               long j6;
208
               if (h) {
                    int i8 = r1.g.f11400b;
210
                    j6 = SystemClock.elapsedRealtimeNanos();
211
               } else {
```

```
92
          public final boolean d(Object obj) {
93
               int i6 = r1.g.f11400b;
94
               long elapsedRealtimeNanos = SystemClock.elapsedRealtimeNanos();
95
               boolean z5 = false;
 96
               try {
 97
                   com.bumptech.glide.load.data.e h = this.f3533i.f3362c.a().h(obj);
                   Object a6 = h.a();
Object d3 = this.f3533i.d(a6);
L1.h hVar = new L1.h(d3, a6, this.f3533i.f3367i);
 98
 99
100
                   W0.f fVar = this.f3538n.f6461a;
101
102
                   g<?> gVar = this.f3533i;
103
                   e eVar = new e(fVar, gVar.f3372n);
104
                   InterfaceC0318a a7 = gVar.h.a();
105
                   a7.b(eVar, hVar);
                   if (Log.isLoggable("SourceGenerator", 2)) {
   Log.v("SourceGenerator", "Finished encoding source to cache, key: "
106
107
108
                   if (a7.a(eVar) != null) {
109
110
                       this.f3539o = eVar;
111
                       this.f3536l = new d(Collections.singletonList(this.f3538n.f646la),
                       this.f3538n.f6463c.b();
112
113
                       return true:
114
115
                   if (Log.isLoggable("SourceGenerator", 3)) {
                       Log.d("SourceGenerator", "Attempt to write: " + this.f35390 + ", da
116
117
                   try
118
                       this.f3534j.c(this.f3538n.f6461a, h.a(), this.f3538n.f6463c, this.f.
119
120
                       return false;
121
                   } catch (Throwable th) {
122
                       th = th;
123
                       z5 = true;
```

```
252
                             } else {
253
                                  z5 = false;
254
                         } catch (IOException | AssertionError unused) {
255
256
                         } catch (Throwable th) {
257
                              c6.disconnect();
258
                              TrafficStats.clearThreadStatsTag();
259
                              throw th:
260
                         if (z5) {
261
                              f6 = C0383c.f(c6);
262
263
                         } else {
                             C0383c.b(c6, null, str, str2);
if (responseCode != 401 && responseCode != 404) {
264
265
                                  if (responseCode != 429) {
266
                                       if (responseCode < 500 || responseCode >= 600) {
   Log.e("Firebase-Installations", "Firebase Installat
267
268
269
270
                                            C0382b.a a7 = c3.f.a();
a7.f6513c = f.b.BAD_CONFIG;
271
                                            f6 = a7.a();
272
273
                                       c6.disconnect();
                                       TrafficStats.clearThreadStatsTag();
274
275
                                  } else {
                                       d.a aVar = d.a.BAD_CONFIG;
276
277
                                       throw new d("Firebase servers have received too many re-
278
279
                             } else {
280
                                  C0382b.a \ a8 = c3.f.a();
281
                                  a8.f6513c = f.b.AUTH_ERROR;
282
                                   f6 = a8.a();
283
284
                         }
```

```
21
22
23
24
25
          /* renamed from: k reason: collision with root package name */
          public final long f3670k = 262144000;
          /* renamed from: i reason: collision with root package name */
26
          public final f f3668i = new f();
27
28
          @Deprecated
29
30
          public C0320c(File file) {
               this.f3669j = file;
31
32
33
          @Override // al.InterfaceC0318a
34
          public final File a(W0.f fVar) {
               String b6 = this.f3668i.b(fVar);
35
               if (Log.isLoggable("DiskLruCacheWrapper", 2)) {
   Log.v("DiskLruCacheWrapper", "Get: Obtained: " + b6 + " for for Key: " -
36
37
38
39
40
                   a.e o6 = c().o(b6);
                   if (o6 == null) {
    return null;
41
42
43
                    return o6.f3064a[0];
44
              } catch (IOException e6) {
   if (!Log.isLoggable("DiskLruCacheWrapper", 5)) {
45
46
47
                        return null;
48
49
                    Log.w("DiskLruCacheWrapper", "Unable to get from disk cache", e6);
50
                   return null;
51
              }
52
          }
53
```

```
return this.f4867x;
690
691
          }
692
693
          @Override // android.view.View
694
          public int getSuggestedMinimumHeight() {
695
              return Math.max(super.getSuggestedMinimumHeight(), getPaddingBottom() + get
696
697
698
          @Override // android.view.View
          public int getSuggestedMinimumWidth() {
699
              return Math.max(super.getSuggestedMinimumWidth(), getPaddingRight() + getPa
700
701
702
703
          public final int h(int i6) {
704
              int[] iArr = this.f4860q;
705
              if (iArr == null) {
                  Log.e("CoordinatorLayout", "No keylines defined for " + this + " - atte
706
 707
708
              } else if (i6 >= 0 && i6 < iArr.length) {
709
                  return iArr[i6];
710
              } else {
                  Log.e("CoordinatorLayout", "Keyline index " + i6 + " out of range for '
711
712
713
                  return 0;
              }
714
          }
715
716
          @Override // P.InterfaceC0307o
717
          public final void i(View view, int i6) {
718
              C0309q c0309q = this.f4851A;
              if (i6 == 1) {
719
                  c0309q.f2634b = 0;
720
721
              } else {
722
                  c0309q.f2633a = 0;
```

```
if (string == null) {
184
                               c6 = null;
185
186
                           } else {
                               c6 = d3.f5291c.c(string);
187
                               if (c6 == null) {
188
189
                                   d3.c0(new IllegalStateException("Fragment no longer exi
190
                                   throw null;
191
192
                           if (c6 != null) {
193
194
                               while (arrayList2.size() <= parseInt) {
195
                                   arrayList2.add(null);
196
197
                               c6.U(false);
198
                               arrayList2.set(parseInt, c6);
199
                           } else {
200
                               Log.w("FragmentStatePagerAdapt", "Bad fragment at key ".con-
201
202
203
                 }
204
             }
205
         }
206
         @Override // B0.a
207
         public final Parcelable i() {
208
209
              Bundle bundle;
210
              ArrayList<ComponentCallbacksC0339j.f> arrayList = this.f5076f;
              if (arrayList.size() > 0) {
211
212
                  bundle = new Bundle();
                  ComponentCallbacksC0339j.f[] fVarArr = new ComponentCallbacksC0339j.f[a
213
                  arrayList.toArray(fVarArr);
bundle.putParcelableArray("states", fVarArr);
214
215
216
              } else {
```

```
11 import java.util.ArrayList;
    import u.i;
12
    /* loaded from: classes.dex */
13
    public abstract class PreferenceGroup extends Preference {
14
15
16
         /* renamed from: H reason: collision with root package name */
17
        public final ArrayList f5498H;
18
         public PreferenceGroup(Context context, AttributeSet attributeSet, int i6) {
19
20
             super(context, attributeSet, i6);
21
             new i();
22
             new Handler(Looper.getMainLooper());
23
             this.f5498H = new ArrayList();
             TypedArray obtainStyledAttributes = context.obtainStyledAttributes(attributes
24
             obtainStyledAttributes.getBoolean(2, obtainStyledAttributes.getBoolean(2, trif (obtainStyledAttributes.hasValue(1) && obtainStyledAttributes.getInt(1, old)
25
26
27
                  Log.e("PreferenceGroup", getClass().getSimpleName().concat(" should have
28
29
             obtainStyledAttributes.recycle();
30
        }
31
32
        @Override // androidx.preference.Preference
33
        public final void f(boolean z5) {
34
             super.f(z5);
35
             int size = this.f5498H.size();
36
             for (int i6 = 0; i6 < size; i6++) {
37
                  Preference preference = (Preference) this.f5498H.get(i6);
                 if (preference.f5470u == z5) {
38
39
                      preference.f5470u = !z5;
40
                      preference.f(preference.l());
41
                      preference.c();
42
                 }
43
             }
```

```
if (d3 == null) {
147
                           deviceState = null;
148
                      } else {
149
                           deviceState = d3.getDeviceState();
150
151
                      if (deviceState == null) {
152
                           deviceState = new SidecarDeviceState();
153
                      u e6 = jVar.e(sidecarWindowLayoutInfo, deviceState);
b bVar = this.f6065a.f6059e;
154
155
156
                      if (bVar != null) {
157
                           bVar.a(activity, e6);
158
                           return;
159
160
                      return;
161
162
                  Log.w("SidecarCompat", "Unable to resolve activity from window token. M.
163
164
165
166
          /* loaded from: classes.dex */
167
         public static final class a {
168
              public static IBinder a(Activity activity) {
169
                  Window window;
                  WindowManager.LayoutParams attributes;
170
171
                  if (activity == null || (window = activity.getWindow()) == null || (att
172
                      return null;
173
174
                  return attributes.token;
175
             }
176
177
              public static SidecarInterface b(Context context) {
178
                  A4.i.f(context, "context");
```

```
string = this.f6267a.getString("|S|id", null);
 56
 57
 58
                                            return string;
 59
 60
                             public final String b() {
 61
                                           PublicKey publicKey;
synchronized (this.f6267a) {
 62
 63
64
                                                          String str = null;
                                                          String string = this.f6267a.getString("|S||P|", null);
 65
 66
                                                          if (string == null) {
 67
                                                                         return null;
 68
 69
                                                          try {
 70
                                                                         publicKey = KeyFactory.getInstance("RSA").generatePublic(new X509Enc
                                                          } catch (IllegalArgumentException | NoSuchAlgorithmException | InvalidKe
    Log.w("ContentValues", "Invalid key stored " + e6);
 71
72
  73
                                                                         publicKey = null;
 74
 75
                                                          if (publicKey == null) {
 76
                                                                         return null;
 77
 78
                                                          try
                                                                         byte[] digest = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("SHA1").digest(publicKey.getInstance("
 79
 80
                                                                         digest[0] = (byte) (((digest[0] & 15) + 112) & 255);
 81
                                                                         str = Base64.encodeToString(digest, 0, 8, 11);
 82
                                                          } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException unused) {
                                                                         Log.w("ContentValues", "Unexpected error, device missing required al
 83
84
85
                                                          return str;
 86
 87
                             }
 88
              }
```

```
33
            public final long f7999c;
34
35
             public C0112a(long j6, String str, String str2) {
36
                 this.f7997a = str;
37
                 this.f7998b = str2;
38
                 this.f7999c = j6;
39
40
41
             public static String a(long j6, String str, String str2) {
42
                     JSONObject jSONObject = new JSONObject();
43
                     jSONObject.put("token", str);
jSONObject.put("appVersion", str2);
44
45
46
                     jSONObject.put("timestamp", j6);
                     return jSONObject.toString();
47
48
                 } catch (JSONException e6) {
49
                     Log.w("FirebaseMessaging", "Failed to encode token: " + e6);
50
                     return null;
51
52
            }
53
54
             public static C0112a b(String str) {
                 if (TextUtils.isEmpty(str)) {
55
56
                     return null;
57
58
                 if (str.startsWith("{")) {
59
                     try {
                         JSONObject jSONObject = new JSONObject(str);
60
61
                         return new C0112a(jSONObject.getLong("timestamp"), jSONObject.ge
62
                     } catch (JSONException e6) {
63
                         Log.w("FirebaseMessaging", "Failed to parse token: " + e6);
64
                         return null;
65
```

```
73
             NetworkInfo networkInfo;
74
75
             ConnectivityManager connectivityManager = (ConnectivityManager) this.f9509k
               (connectivityManager != null) {
                 networkInfo = connectivityManager.getActiveNetworkInfo();
76
 77
             } else {
78
                 networkInfo = null;
 79
80
             if (networkInfo != null && networkInfo.isConnected()) {
81
                 return true;
82
83
             return false;
84
85
86
         public final boolean b() {
            87
88
89
90
91
                 } else if (Log.isLoggable("FirebaseMessaging", 3)) {
                     Log.d("FirebaseMessaging", "Token successfully retrieved");
92
93
                     return true;
94
                 } else {
95
                     return true;
96
97
             } catch (IOException e6) {
98
                 String message = e6.getMessage();
99
                 if (!"SERVICE NOT AVAILABLE".equals(message) && !"INTERNAL SERVER ERROR
                    if (e6.getMessage() == null) {
    Log.w("FirebaseMessaging", "Token retrieval failed without exce
100
101
102
                        return false;
103
104
                     throw e6;
105
```

```
bundle.putString("osv", Integer.toString(Build.VERSION.SDK INT));
 81
               bundle.putString("app_ver", this.f9600b.a());
bundle.putString("app_ver_name", this.f9600b.b());
82
83
               K2.e eVar2 = this.f9599a;
84
85
               eVar2.a();
86
               try {
 87
                    str3 = Base64.encodeToString(MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1").digest()
 88
               } catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException unused) {
 89
                    str3 = "[HASH-ERROR]";
90
 91
               bundle.putString("firebase-app-name-hash", str3);
               try {
    String a6 = ((Z2.g) e2.l.a(this.f9604f.a())).a();
92
 93
 94
                    if (!TextUtils.isEmpty(a6)) {
 95
                         bundle.putString("Goog-Firebase-Installations-Auth", a6);
 96
                    } else -
97
                         Log.w("FirebaseMessaging", "FIS auth token is empty");
 98
99
               } catch (InterruptedException e6) {
100
                    e = e6;
101
                    Log.e("FirebaseMessaging", "Failed to get FIS auth token", e);
                    bundle.putString("appid", (String) e2.l.a(this.f9604f.b()));
bundle.putString("cliv", "fcm-24.1.0");
102
103
104
                    gVar = this.f9603e.get();
                    InterfaceC0582f interfaceC0582f = this.f9602d.get();
105
106
                    if (gVar != null) {
107
                         return;
108
109
                    return;
               } catch (ExecutionException e7) {
110
111
                    Log.e("FirebaseMessaging", "Failed to get FIS auth token", e); bundle.putString("appid", (String) e2.l.a(this.f9604f.b()));
112
113
```

We would like to clarify the following points:

1. No Sensitive User Data Logged

Our application does not record user credentials, personally identifiable information (PII), or license keys in any logs. Any potentially sensitive text input by the user is handled internally and never written to device logs.

2. Referenced Classes from Third-Party / Google Libraries

The files mentioned (e.g., CoordinatorLayout.java, PreferenceGroup.java, various Glide classes) originate from standard Android libraries or open-source components like <u>Glide</u>. We have not modified these libraries to log private or sensitive data. Glide manages image loading and caching, and does not record user-input text or confidential information in logs.

3. Compliance with MSTG-STORAGE-3

We ensure that no confidential or user-sensitive data is exposed through any logging mechanism. Our production logs are strictly limited to operational or debugging messages unrelated to personal or license data.

MSTG-STORAGE-7

No sensitive data, such as passwords or pins, is exposed through the user interface.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
     <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" android:ori@</pre>
2 3 4 5
          <TextView android: textSize="17sp" android: textColor="@color/colorTint" andro:
          </RelativeLayout>
7 8
          <include android:id="@+id/divider" layout="@layout/fragment_border"/>
<LinearLayout android:orientation="vertical" android:background="@color/colorSlice")</pre>
               <EditText android:textSize="14sp" android:textColor="@color/colorTint" androi
<LinearLayout android:gravity="center" android:orientation="horizontal" androi
<TextView android:textSize="15sp" android:textColor="@color/colorTint" ar</pre>
9
10
11
12
                </LinearLayout>
13
          </LinearLayout>
14 </LinearLayout>
```

We would like to clarify:

1. License Keys vs. Sensitive User Data

- The field in myps_activity_activate_slider.xml is for entering a license key, not a
 password, PIN, or personally identifiable information (PII).
- It does **not** grant access to personal user data or user accounts, so it is not considered confidential in the same sense as passwords or PINs.

2. No Exposure of Confidential Information

- We do not display any user credentials, session tokens, or other data that could compromise user security.
- The EditText is solely for product activation, and its content reveals no sensitive user details.

3. Compliance with MSTG-STORAGE-7

- As the license key is not classified as sensitive user data (like a password or PIN), displaying it in the UI does not violate MSTG-STORAGE-7.
- No other UI components expose private or sensitive data.

Scan Verified

In this section you can find all the results based on the automatic evaluation, for the test cases in PASS it can be seen as informative, for the results marked as Fail you need to fix the issues or provide some feedback or justification in the respective area.

FAIL

PASS

MSTG-STORAGE-5

The keyboard cache is disabled on text inputs that process sensitive data.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CRYPTO-1

The app does not rely on symmetric cryptography with hardcoded keys as a sole method of encryption.

```
import E0.t;
import G3.a;
import H3.a;
import N3.d;
import N3.d;
import N3.h;
import android.content.Context;
import android.os.ParcelFileDescriptor;
import com.protectstar.antispy.DeviceStatus;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.SyteBuffer;
import java.nio.ByteBuffer;
import java.nio.AyteBuffer;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.Literator;
import java.util.Literator;
import java.util.UID;
import java.util.UID;
import java.util.UID;
import java.vtil.VID;
import java.crypto.CipherInputStream;
import javax.crypto.CipherPutputStream;
import javax.crypto.CipherInputStream;
import javax.crypto.CipherInputStream;
import javax.crypto.Spec.SveretKeySpec;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
import javax.crypto.classes.dex */
spublic final class b {
```

```
package N3;
     import J3.c;
     import T3.m;
     import android.os.Build;
import java.io.BufferedInputStream;
7 import java.io.File;
8 import java.io.FileInputStream;
9 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
10 import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.HashSet;
16 import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.LinkedHashMap; import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Objects;
import java.util.Set;
21 /* loaded from: classes.dex */
22 public final class h {
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
           /* renamed from: a reason: collision with root package name */
          public static final char[] f2244a = "0123456789abcdef".toCharArray();
           /* JADX WARN: Type inference failed for: r0v4, types: [java.lang.Object, N3.g]
          public static void a(HashMap<String, HashSet<e>>> hashMap, String str, e eVar) {
                Object computeIfAbsent;
30
               if (str != null && !str.isEmpty())
31
                     if (Build. VERSION. SDK INT >= 24) {
                          computeIfAbsent = hashMap.computeIfAbsent(str, new Object());
//HachSoty.computeIfAbsent/ add/overs/
```

We would like to clarify the following:

1. java_source/H3/b.java (AES-256 Key & IV for Quarantine)

- The hardcoded AES key and IV in this file are not used to protect sensitive user data.
 Instead, we use them to encrypt malicious or suspicious files when quarantining, rendering those files temporarily unusable.
- This mechanism prevents the file from being directly executed or accessed while in quarantine. The key is merely a **technical measure** to neutralize the threat, but it is **not** intended for protecting personally identifiable information (PII).

2. No Sole Reliance on Hardcoded Keys

- Because these files are malicious, the encryption key does not secure user-owned data and **does not** expose any user credentials, secrets, or personal data.
- If the user chooses to restore the quarantined file, the same key allows reversion. This
 process does **not** grant access to confidential user information, as none is stored this
 way.

3. java_source/N3/h.java (Helper Methods & SecureRandom)

- The methods flagged here deal with **securely overwriting files** using either random data from SecureRandom or a fixed pattern (e.g., 0xFF).
- These methods are employed for secure deletion workflows, **not** for encrypting sensitive user data with a hardcoded key.

4. Compliance with MSTG-CRYPTO-1

- We confirm that our app does **not** rely on a hardcoded symmetric key for protecting user data.
- The hardcoded key you identified is simply part of our quarantine functionality, ensuring
 malicious files are rendered inert. All actual user credentials or personal data, if any,
 would be secured through proper cryptographic measures (e.g., using
 SecureRandom or other recommended approaches).

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CRYPTO-2

The app uses proven implementations of cryptographic primitives.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CRYPTO-3

The app uses cryptographic primitives that are appropriate for the particular use-case, configured with parameters that adhere to industry best practices.

Finding 1

```
private HashSet<a.C0012a> f1229p = new HashSet<>();
112
113
         /* loaded from: classes.dex */
         public enum a {
114
115
              SUCCESS.
116
              GENERAL,
             MISSING ROOT,
118
              WRITE
119
         }
120
         public b(File file) {
121
              this.f1215a = file.getName();
122
123
              this.f1217c = file.getAbsolutePath();
124
125
126
         public static void h(FileInputStream fileInputStream, FileOutputStream fileOutputStream fileOutputStream)
              Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
127
              cipher.init(2, new SecretKeySpec(f1214t, "AES"), new IvParameterSpec(f1213s
128
129
              CipherInputStream cipherInputStream = new CipherInputStream(fileInputStream
130
131
                  byte[] bArr = new byte[8192];
132
                  while (true) {
133
                      int read = cipherInputStream.read(bArr);
                      if (read != -1) {
134
135
                          fileOutputStream.write(bArr, 0, read);
136
                          fileOutputStream.flush();
137
                          cipherInputStream.close();
139
                          return;
140
141
             } catch (Throwable th) {
142
143
                  try {
```

```
int ceil = (int) Math.ceil(length / min);
for (int i7 = 0; i7 < ceil; i7++) {
   if (i7 > 0 && i7 == ceil - 1) {
168
169
170
                            i6 = (int) (length - (min * i7));
171
                       } else {
173
174
175
                       byte[] bArr = new byte[i6];
                       randomAccessFile.seek(min * i7);
176
177
                       int i8 = 0:
178
                       while (i8 < i6)
179
                            i8 += randomAccessFile.read(bArr, i8, i6 - i8);
180
181
                       if (i8 == i6) {
                            FileOutputStream fileOutputStream = (FileOutputStream) tVar.f73
182
183
                                 Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS5Padding");
184
185
                                 cipher.init(2, new SecretKeySpec(H3.b.f1214t,
                                                                                    "AES"), new I
186
                                 fileOutputStream.write(cipher.doFinal(bArr));
187
                            } catch (Exception e6) {
188
                                e6.printStackTrace();
189
190
                       } else {
                            throw new IOException("Unexpected read size. current: " + i8 +
191
192
193
194
                   randomAccessFile.close();
195
              } catch (FileNotFoundException unused) {
              } catch (Throwable th)
196
197
                   th.printStackTrace();
198
199
200 }
```

We would like to clarify the following:

1. java source/H3/b.java (Encrypt/Decrypt for Quarantine)

- These methods encrypt and decrypt **malicious files** when moving them into or out of our quarantine.
- Since the quarantined files are **not** user-sensitive (e.g., not personal documents or credentials), this encryption primarily renders malicious content unusable until (and unless) it is intentionally restored.
- We do use a modern cryptographic algorithm (AES-256) to perform byte-level modifications. This choice ensures that once encrypted, the file is effectively neutralized in storage.

2. No User-Sensitive Data

- The quarantine mechanism is designed for potentially harmful files, rather than for protecting user secrets or personal data.
- As a result, while we apply AES-based encryption, it is not being used for user credential encryption or similarly sensitive user information.

3. java_source/N3/d.java (File Handling Helpers)

- This file primarily contains generic file I/O operations (copying files, writing/reading bytes, etc.).
- It does **not** introduce additional cryptographic functionality that would affect sensitive user data or store cryptographic keys.

4. Industry Best Practices

• We follow recommended guidelines for the cryptographic primitives in use, leveraging AES-256 from standard libraries, and avoiding outdated or insecure algorithms.

• Our code does not rely on deprecated modes such as ECB, and we remain mindful of using strong ciphers even though the data here is **not** user-sensitive.

In conclusion, our app's cryptographic usage aligns with MSTG-CRYPTO-3 for its specific purpose (quarantine encryption), and **no** sensitive user data is exposed or at risk. After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CRYPTO-4

The app does not use cryptographic protocols or algorithms that are widely considered deprecated for security purposes.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CRYPTO-6

All random values are generated using a sufficiently secure random number generator.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-NETWORK-1

Data is encrypted on the network using TLS. The secure channel is used consistently throughout the app.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-NETWORK-2

The TLS settings are in line with current best practices, or as close as possible if the mobile operating system does not support the recommended standards.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-NETWORK-3

The app verifies the X.509 certificate of the remote endpoint when the secure channel is established.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-PLATFORM-1

The app only requests the minimum set of permissions necessary.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-PLATFORM-2

All inputs from external sources and the user are validated and if necessary sanitized. This includes data received via the UI, IPC mechanisms such as intents, custom URLs, and network sources.

Finding 1

```
this.f768i = j6;
24
         }
25
26
27
         @Override // F1.l.a
         public Object apply(Object obj) {
              SQLiteDatabase sQLiteDatabase = (SQLiteDatabase) obj;
28
29
              c.a aVar = (c.a) this.f770k;
30
              String num = Integer.toString(aVar.getNumber());
31
              String str = (String) this.f769j;
32
              boolean booleanValue = ((Boolean) F1.1.B(sQLiteDatabase.rawQuery("SELECT 1 F
33
              long j6 = this.f768i;
34
35
              if (!booleanValue) {
                   ContentValues contentValues = new ContentValues();
                  contentValues.put("log_source", str);
contentValues.put("reason", Integer.valueOf(aVar.getNumber()));
36
37
                  contentValues.put("events_dropped_count", Long.valueOf(j6));
sQLiteDatabase.insert("log_event_dropped", null, contentValues);
38
39
40
              } else {
41
                  sQLiteDatabase.execSQL("UPDATE log event dropped SET events dropped coun
42
43
              return null;
44
         }
45
46
         @Override // Gl.b.a
47
         public Object b() {
   o oVar = (o) this.f769j;
48
49
              oVar.f773c.D(oVar.f777g.b() + this.f768i, (y1.j) this.f770k);
50
51
         }
52
    }
```

```
String str = jVar2.f12605a;
if (sQLiteDatabase.update("transport_contexts", contentValues, "bac
    contentValues.put("backend_name", str);
    contentValues.put("priority", Integer.value0f(I1.a.a(eVar)));
124
125
126
127
128
                              sQLiteDatabase.insert("transport_contexts", null, contentValues
129
130
                         return null;
131
                    }
               });
132
133
134
135
          @Override // F1.d
136
          public final void H(Iterable<h> iterable) {
137
               if (!iterable.iterator().hasNext()) {
138
                    return;
139
140
               String str = "UPDATE events SET num_attempts = num_attempts + 1 WHERE _id i
141
               SQLiteDatabase k6 = k();
142
               k6.beginTransaction();
143
               try {
144
                    k6.compileStatement(str).execute();
145
                    Cursor rawQuery = k6.rawQuery("SELECT COUNT(*), transport_name FROM eve
                    while (rawQuery.moveToNext())
146
                         g(rawQuery.getInt(0), c.a.MAX_RETRIES_REACHED, rawQuery.getString(1
147
148
149
                    rawQuery.close();
150
                    k6.compileStatement("DELETE FROM events WHERE num attempts >= 16").exec
151
                    k6.setTransactionSuccessful();
152
               } finally {
                    k6.endTransaction();
153
154
155
          }
156
```

```
} else {
441
                        hVar.add(str);
442
443
444
               C0726h.b(hVar);
               Object[] array = hVar.toArray(new String[0]);
A4.i.d(array, "null cannot be cast to non-null type kotlin.Array<T of kotli
445
446
447
               return (String[]) array;
448
449
450
          public final void d(InterfaceC0757b interfaceC0757b, int i6) {
451
               interfaceC0757b.s("INSERT OR IGNORE INTO room table modification log VALUES
452
453
               String str2 = this.f10509e[i6];
454
               String[] strArr = f10504o;
455
               for (int i7 = 0; i7 < 3; i7++) {
                    String str3 = "CREATE TEMP TRIGGER IF NOT EXISTS " + a.a(str2, str) + "
A4.i.e(str3, "StringBuilder().apply(builderAction).toString()");
456
457
458
                    interfaceC0757b.s(str3);
459
460
461
462
          public final void e(InterfaceC0757b interfaceC0757b) {
               A4.i.f(interfaceC0757b, "database");
463
464
               if (interfaceC0757b.Y()) {
465
                    return;
466
467
               try
468
                    ReentrantReadWriteLock.ReadLock readLock = this.f10505a.f10536i.readLoc
                    A4.i.e(readLock, "readWriteLock.readLock()");
469
470
                    readLock.lock();
471
                    try {
472
                        synchronized (this.f105151) {
```

1. Google-Provided Library Code

The files you referenced (E1/n.java, F1/l.java, m0/C0644i.java) appear to be from a Google-provided, open-source library. We have not modified or customized these library files.

2. Input Validation in Our Application

Although these classes belong to a standard library, **our own code** ensures that any user-supplied or external data is validated and sanitized before being passed to these library methods. We do not allow untrusted or potentially malicious inputs to reach sensitive routines.

3. Adherence to MSTG-PLATFORM-2

We take a **defensive approach**, validating all incoming data—whether from UI inputs, intents, URLs, or network sources—to mitigate the risk of injection attacks or security breaches. Our integration of Google's library does not bypass any of these safeguards.

4. Regular Updates and Security Monitoring

We keep our dependencies (including Google libraries) up to date, ensuring we benefit from the latest security patches and adhere to current best practices.

After further analysis, we confirm that our application **fully complies** with MSTG-PLATFORM-2. After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-PLATFORM-3

The app does not export sensitive functionality via custom URL schemes, unless these mechanisms are properly protected.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CODE-1

The app is signed and provisioned with a valid certificate, of which the private key is properly protected.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CODE-2

The app has been built in release mode, with settings appropriate for a release build (e.g. non-debuggable).

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CODE-3

Debugging symbols have been removed from native binaries.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CODE-4

Debugging code and developer assistance code (e.g. test code, backdoors, hidden settings) have been removed. The app does not log verbose errors or debugging messages.

Finding 1

```
public final /* synthetic */ class e implements Y2.a {
13
         /* renamed from: a reason: collision with root package name */
15
         public final /* synthetic */ int f2188a;
16
         public /* synthetic */ e(int i6) {
17
18
             this.f2188a = i6;
19
20
21
         @Override // Y2.a
22 23
         public final Object get() {
             switch (this.f2188a) {
24
25
                  case ReviewErrorCode.NO_ERROR /* 0 */:
                      return Collections.emptySet();
26
27
                      o<ScheduledExecutorService> oVar = ExecutorsRegistrar.f7967a;
StrictMode.ThreadPolicy.Builder detectNetwork = new StrictMode.Threa
int i6 = Build.VERSION.SDK_INT;
28
29
30
                      if (i6 >= 23) {
31
                           detectNetwork.detectResourceMismatches();
32
                           if (i6 >= 26) {
                                detectNetwork.detectUnbufferedIo();
33
34
35
36
                       return new 02.h(Executors.newFixedThreadPool(4, new 02.a("Firebase B
                  case 2:
38
                       o<ScheduledExecutorService> oVar2 = ExecutorsRegistrar.f7967a;
39
                       return Executors.newSingleThreadScheduledExecutor(new 02.a("Firebase
40
41
                       com.google.firebase.messaging.a aVar = FirebaseMessaging.f7976m;
42
                       return null;
43
             }
         }
```

```
package 02;
3
    import N2.o;
    import android.os.StrictMode;
    import com.google.firebase.concurrent.ExecutorsRegistrar;
    import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
    import java.util.concurrent.ScheduledExecutorService;
    /* loaded from: classes.dex */
public final /* synthetic */ class k implements Y2.a {
    @Override // Y2.a
    public final Object get() {
8
9
10
11
              o<ScheduledExecutorService> oVar = ExecutorsRegistrar.f7967a;
12
              return new h(Executors.newFixedThreadPool(Math.max(2, Runtime.getRuntime().a
14
15
    }
16
```

```
67
68
                /* renamed from: bl.a$b$a reason: collision with other inner class name */
                /* loaded from: classes.dex */
69
70
                public class RunnableC0083a implements Runnable {
                     /* renamed from: i reason: collision with root package name */
public final /* synthetic */ Runnable f6249i;
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
                     public RunnableC0083a(Runnable runnable) {
                           this.f6249i = runnable;
                     @Override // java.lang.Runnable public final void run() {
80
                           b bVar = b.this;
81
                           if (bVar.f6247d)
82
                                StrictMode.setThreadPolicy(new StrictMode.ThreadPolicy.Builder()
83
84
85
                                this.f6249i.run();
86
                           } catch (Throwable th) {
                                bVar.f6246c.getClass();
if (Log.isLoggable("GlideExecutor", 6)) {
    Log.e("GlideExecutor", "Request threw uncaught throwable", 1
87
88
89
90
91
                          }
92
                     }
93
94
95
                public b(ThreadFactoryC0081a threadFactoryC0081a, String str, boolean z5) {
96
                      c.C0084a c0084a = c.f6251a;
this.f6248e = new AtomicInteger();
97
98
                     this.f6244a = threadFactoryC0081a;
```

We would like to clarify the following:

1. Referenced Library (Glide)

The files you have noted (N2/e.java, O2/k.java, b1/ExecutorServiceC0365a.java) appear to stem from the open-source <u>Glide</u> library. Glide is utilized for efficient image loading and caching, ensuring smooth scrolling and optimized performance.

2. StrictMode Policy Check (No Debug Backdoor)

Portions of the flagged code involve **StrictMode**, which is used to detect inadvertent network calls on the main (UI) thread. This is a standard best practice to prevent performance bottlenecks (ANRs), not a debugging or backdoor mechanism. We do not introduce or ship verbose logs, hidden test code, or developer assistance backdoors in our production build.

3. No Verbose Logging or Debugging Routines

We confirm that we do **not** log sensitive information or carry additional debugging instructions in our release version. The portions of Glide included in our app do not emit sensitive data; they simply support stable performance and efficient caching.

After reviewing these details, we confirm that our application does not contain any debug code, backdoors, or hidden settings. We therefore **comply** with MSTG-CODE-4. If you require further information, please let us know.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.

MSTG-CODE-9

Free security features offered by the toolchain, such as byte-code minification, stack protection, PIE support and automatic reference counting, are activated.

After further analysis the application seems to comply successfully with the requirement.